

P. 305 mo: 49

$$a) \frac{\sin \theta \cot^2 \theta}{\cos \theta} = \cot \theta$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \cdot \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\sin^2 \theta} = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \cot \theta$$

$$b) \sin x (1 + \tan x) + \cos x (1 + \cot x) = \sec x + \operatorname{cosec} x$$

$$\sin x \left(1 + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \right) + \cos x \left(1 + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \right)$$

$$\sin x + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos x} + \cos x + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos x} + \cos x + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} + \sin x$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\sin x} = \frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{1}{\sin x} = \sec x + \operatorname{cosec} x$$

$$c) \frac{2 \sin x \cos x - \cos x}{1 - \sin x + \sin^2 x - \cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{\tan x}$$

$$\frac{\cos x (2 \sin x - 1)}{-\sin x + \sin^2 x + 1 - \cos^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\cos x (2 \sin x - 1)}{-\sin x + \sin^2 x + \sin^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x (2 \sin x - 1)}{-\sin x + 2 \sin^2 x} = \frac{\cos x (2 \sin x - 1)}{\sin x (-1 + 2 \sin x)} = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = \frac{1}{\tan x}$$

$$d) \cos x (\tan x + 2) (2 \tan x + 1) = 2 \sec x + 5 \sin x$$

$$\cos x \left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + 2 \right) \left(2 \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + 1 \right) = (\sin x + 2 \cos x) \left(2 \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + 1 \right)$$

$$= 2 \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos x} + \sin x + 4 \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + 2 \cos x$$

$$= 2 \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos x} + 2 \cos x + 5 \sin x$$

$$= 2 \frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\cos x} + 5 \sin x$$

$$= \frac{2}{\cos x} + 5 \sin x = 2 \sec x + 5 \sin x$$

$$f) \frac{\cos x + \sin x}{\sec x + \operatorname{cosec} x} = \cos x \cdot \sin x$$

$$\frac{\cos x + \sin x}{\frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{1}{\sin x}} = \frac{\cos x + \sin x}{\frac{\cos x + \sin x}{\cos x \cdot \sin x}} = (\cos x + \sin x) \frac{\cos x \cdot \sin x}{\cos x + \sin x} = \cos x \cdot \sin x$$

$$= \cos x \cdot \sin x$$

$$= \cos x \cdot \sin x$$

$$g) \frac{1}{1-\sin x} + \frac{1}{1+\sin x} = 2 \sec^2 x$$

$$\frac{(1+\sin x) + (1-\sin x)}{(1-\sin x)(1+\sin x)} = \frac{2}{1-\sin^2 x} = \frac{2}{\cos^2 x} = 2 \sec^2 x$$

$$h) \frac{\tan x}{\sec x - 1} + \frac{\tan x}{\sec x + 1} = 2 \operatorname{cosec} x$$

$$\frac{\tan x (\sec x + 1)}{\sec^2 x - 1} + \frac{\tan x (\sec x - 1)}{\sec^2 x - 1}$$

$$\frac{\tan x (\sec x + 1 + \sec x - 1)}{\tan^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\tan x (2 \sec x)}{\tan^2 x} = \frac{2 \sec x}{\tan x}$$

$$= \frac{2 \frac{1}{\cos x}}{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}} = 2 \frac{1}{\sin x} = 2 \operatorname{cosec} x$$

$$i) (1 - \sin x + \cos x)^2 = 2(1 - \sin x)(1 + \cos x)$$

$$1 - \sin x + \cos x - \sin x + \sin^2 x - \sin x \cos x + \cos x - \sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x$$

$$1 - 2 \sin x + 2 \cos x - 2 \sin x \cos x + 1$$

$$2 - 2 \sin x + 2 \cos x - 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$2(1 - \sin x + \cos x - \sin x \cos x)$$

$$2(1 - \sin x + \cos x(1 - \sin x))$$

$$2((1 - \sin x)(1 + \cos x))$$

$$j) \frac{\sin x + \tan x}{\operatorname{cosec} x + \cot x} = \sin \theta \cdot \tan \theta \text{ or } \sin \theta \cdot \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\frac{\sin x + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}{\frac{1}{\sin x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}} = \frac{\frac{\sin x \cos x + \sin x}{\cos x}}{\frac{1 + \cos x}{\sin x}}$$

$$= \frac{\sin x (1 + \cos x)}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{(1 + \cos x)}$$

$$= \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \cdot \sin x$$

$$= \tan x \cdot \sin x$$